

## Uniform Attractors for Non-Autonomous Reaction-Diffusion Equation with Mixed Delay

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**Abstract.** This paper is concerned with the asymptotic behavior of solutions of non-autonomous reaction-diffusion equation with delays. The well-posedness theory of equation for the initial data belonging to  $C_{L^r(\Omega)}$  ( $1 < r < \infty$ ) and  $C_{W^{1,r}(\Omega)}$  ( $1 < r < N$ ) is established respectively. In addition, the existence of uniform attractors in  $C_{L^r(\Omega)}$  for the family of processes with translation bounded external force is proved. Moreover, the long time behavior of solution with higher regularity in  $C_{W^{1,r}(\Omega)}$  is considered as well.

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## 1 Introduction

Let  $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be a smooth bounded domain. Consider the long-time behavior of the following non-autonomous nonlinear reaction-diffusion equation

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \Delta u + \lambda u = f(x, u_t) + g(t, x), & \text{in } (\tau, +\infty) \times \Omega, \\ u|_{\partial\Omega} = 0, & t > \tau, \\ u(t, x) = \phi(t - \tau, x), & t \in [\tau - h, \tau], x \in \Omega. \end{cases} \quad (1.1)$$

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Here  $\lambda \geq 0, g \in L^r_{loc}(\mathbb{R}; L^r(\mathbb{R}^n)) (r > 1)$  and the nonlinear term satisfies the condition:

$$f(x, u_t(t, x)) = F(x, u(t - \rho(t), x)) + \int_{-h}^0 G(x, z, u(t + z, x)) dz,$$

in which there exists a positive constant  $k_2$ , a positive scalar function  $m_1 \in L^1([-h, 0], \mathbb{R}^+)$  and functions  $k_1, m_0 \in L^r(\Omega)$  such that  $F \in C(\Omega \times \mathbb{R}; \mathbb{R}), \rho \in C^1(\mathbb{R}; [0, h])$  and  $G \in C(\Omega \times [-h, 0] \times \mathbb{R}; \mathbb{R})$  satisfying

$$|F(x, v)|^r \leq |k_1(x)|^r + k_2^r |v|^r, \quad \forall x \in \Omega, v \in \mathbb{R}, r \geq 2, \tag{1.2}$$

$$|\rho'(t)| \leq \rho^* < 1, \quad \forall t \in \mathbb{R}, \tag{1.3}$$

$$|G(x, s, v)| \leq |m_0(x)| + m_1(s) |v|, \quad \forall x \in \Omega, s \in [-h, 0], v \in \mathbb{R}, \tag{1.4}$$

$$|F(x, v) - F(x, v)| \leq C_1 |v - v|, \quad \forall x \in \Omega, v, v \in \mathbb{R}, \tag{1.5}$$

$$|G(x, s, v) - G(x, s, v)| \leq C_2 |v - v|, \quad \forall x \in \Omega, s \in [-h, 0], v, v \in \mathbb{R}, \tag{1.6}$$

$\bar{m} := \int_{-h}^0 m_1(s) ds$ . The non-autonomous term  $g(t) = g(x, t)$  is translation bounded in  $L^r_b(\mathbb{R}; X), r > 1$ , i.e.  $g \in L^r_b(\mathbb{R}; X)$ ,

$$\|g\|_{L^r_b(\mathbb{R}; X)} = \sup_{t \in \mathbb{R}} \int_t^{t+1} \|g(s)\|_X^r ds < +\infty, \tag{1.7}$$

where the local  $r$ -power integral is the Bochner integral.

Let  $X$  be  $L^r(\Omega)$  or  $W^{1,r}(\Omega) (r \geq 2)$ .  $h > 0$  is a given positive number, which will represent the delay time later. Let  $C_X$  denote the Banach space  $C([-h, 0]; X)$  endowed with the norm

$$\|\phi\|_{C_X} = \sup_{z \in [-h, 0]} \|\phi(z)\|_X.$$

Given  $\tau \in \mathbb{R}, T > \tau$  and a function  $u : [\tau - h, T] \rightarrow X$ , for each  $t \in [\tau, T], u_t : [-h, 0] \rightarrow X$  denote the function defined by  $u_t(s) = u(t + s)$  for  $s \in [-h, 0]$ . We are interested in initial condition  $\phi \in C_X = C_{L^r(\Omega)}$  or  $C_{W^{1,r}(\Omega)}$ . In the sequel  $C$  denotes an arbitrary positive constant, which may be different from line to line and even in the same line.

Recently, Wang and Kloeden [1] proved the existence of uniform attractors of (1.1) in the space  $C_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)}$  under the assumption of the linear growth for  $F(x, u(t - \rho(t), x))$  and  $G(x, z, u(t + z, x))$ , and the uniform boundedness in  $L^2_b(\mathbb{R}; L^2(\mathbb{R}^n))$  of the external term. In the present paper, we will prove the existence of solution and the uniform attractors of (1.1) in  $C_X$  on the bounded domain under the conditions (1.2)-(1.7).

Actually, there are lots of results on the existence of solutions or attractors for evolution equations defined on bounded domain without delays. In the autonomous case, the problem

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \Delta u = f(x, u), & \text{in } [0, +\infty] \times \Omega, \\ u|_{\partial\Omega} = 0, & t > 0, \\ u(0, x) = u_0, & x \in \Omega, \end{cases} \tag{1.8}$$