Analysis in Theory and Applications Anal. Theory Appl., Vol. **34**, No. 4 (2018), pp. 293-296 DOI: 10.4208/ata.OA-2017-0052

A Note on a Theorem of T. J. Rivlin

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Received 2 August 2017; Accepted (in revised version) 11 May 2018

Abstract. In this paper, we obtain a result that improves the results of Govil and Nwaeze, Qazi and the classical result of Rivlin.

Key Words: Polynomial, maximum modulus, zeros. **AMS Subject Classifications**: 30A10, 30C10, 30C15

1 Introduction and statement of results

For an arbitrary entire function f(z), let $M(f,r) = \max_{|z|=r} |f(z)|$. For a polynomial $P(z) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} a_i z^i$ of degree *n*, it is known that

$$M(P,r) \ge r^n M(P,1), \quad r \le 1.$$
 (1.1)

Inequality (1.1) is due to Varga [7] who attributed it to Zarantonello.

It is noted that equality holds in (1.1) if and only if P(z) has all its zeros at the origin, so it is natural to seek improvement under appropriate assumption on the zeros of P(z). It was shown by Rivlin [6] that if $P(z) \neq 0$ in |z| < 1, then (1.1) can be replaced by

$$M(P,r) \ge \left(\frac{1+r}{2}\right)^n M(P,1) \quad \text{for } r \le 1.$$
(1.2)

As a generalization of (1.2), Govil [2] proved that if $P(z) \neq 0$ in |z| < 1, then for $0 < r \le R \le 1$,

$$M(P,r) \ge \left(\frac{1+r}{1+R}\right)^n M(P,R). \tag{1.3}$$

In 1992, Qazi [4] generalized (1.3) in a different direction and proved that if $P(z) = a_0 + \sum_{i=u}^{n} a_i z^i$, $1 \le \mu < n$ is a polynomial of degree *n* not vanishing in |z| < 1 then for $0 < r < R \le 1$,

$$M(P,r) \ge \left(\frac{1+r^{\mu}}{1+R^{\mu}}\right)^{\frac{n}{\mu}} M(P,R).$$
(1.4)

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More recently, Govil and Nwaeze [3] besides proving some other results, also proved the following generalization and refinement of (1.3).

Theorem 1.1. Let $P(z) = \sum_{j=0}^{n} a_j z^j$. If $P(z) \neq 0$ in $|z| < k, k \ge 1$, then for $0 < r < R \le 1$,

$$M(P,r) \ge \frac{(1+r)^n}{(1+r)^n + (R+k)^n - (r+k)^n} \left\{ M(P,R) + m \ln\left(\frac{R+k}{r+k}\right)^n \right\},\tag{1.5}$$

where $m = \min_{|z|=k} |P(z)|$.

Some more results related to inequalities that compares the growth of a polynomial on |z| = r and |z| = R, where r < R, can be found in (see [4,8]).

In this note, we present the following extension of Theorem 1.1. As we shall see our result provides refinements of (1.2), (1.3) and (1.4) as well.

Theorem 1.2. Let $P(z) = a_0 + \sum_{j=\mu}^n a_j z^j$, $1 \le \mu < n$. If $P(z) \ne 0$ in |z| < k, $k \ge 1$, then for $0 < r < R \le 1$,

$$M(P,r) \ge \frac{(1+r^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}}}{(1+r^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}} + (R^{\mu}+k^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}} - (r^{\mu}+k^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}}} \bigg\{ M(P,R) + m \ln \bigg(\frac{R^{\mu}+k^{\mu}}{r^{\mu}+k^{\mu}} \bigg)^{\frac{n}{\mu}} \bigg\},$$
(1.6)

where $m = \min_{|z|=k} |P(z)|$.

Remark 1.1. For $\mu = 1$, Theorem 1.2 reduces to Theorem 1.1. Taking k = 1 in Theorem 1.2 we get the following refinement of (1.4).

Corollary 1.1. Let $P(z) = a_0 + \sum_{j=\mu}^n a_j z^j$, $1 \le \mu < n$. If $P(z) \ne 0$ in |z| < 1, then for $0 < r < R \le 1$,

$$M(P,r) \ge \left(\frac{1+r^{\mu}}{1+R^{\mu}}\right)^{\frac{n}{\mu}} \left\{ M(P,R) + m \ln\left(\frac{1+R^{\mu}}{1+r^{\mu}}\right)^{\frac{n}{\mu}} \right\},$$

where $m = \min_{|z|=1} |P(z)|$.

If we take R = 1 in Theorem 1.2, we get

Corollary 1.2. Let $P(z) = a_0 + \sum_{j=\mu}^n a_j z^j$, $1 \le \mu < n$. If $P(z) \ne 0$ in $|z| < k, k \ge 1$, then for 0 < r < 1,

$$M(P,r) \ge \frac{(1+r^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}}}{(1+r^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}} + (1+k^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}} - (r^{\mu}+k^{\mu})^{\frac{n}{\mu}}} \bigg\{ M(P,1) + m \ln \bigg(\frac{1+k^{\mu}}{r^{\mu}+k^{\mu}}\bigg)^{\frac{n}{\mu}} \bigg\},$$

where $m = \min_{|z|=k} |P(z)|$.

The following extension and refinement of inequality (1.2) due to Rivlin [6] immediately follows from Corollary 1.2 by taking k=1 in it.

Corollary 1.3. Let $P(z) = a_0 + \sum_{j=\mu}^n a_j z^j$, $1 \le \mu < n$. If $P(z) \ne 0$ in |z| < 1, then for 0 < r < 1,

$$M(P,r) \ge \left(\frac{1+r^{\mu}}{2}\right)^{\frac{n}{\mu}} \left\{ M(P,1) + m \ln\left(\frac{2}{1+r^{\mu}}\right)^{\frac{n}{\mu}} \right\},$$

where $m = \min_{|z|=1} |P(z)|$.